



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

Yellow fever in the United States, etc.—Continued.

Places.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Mississippi—Continued.				
Waterford.....	To Oct. 6.....	2	.....
Water Valley.....	To Oct. 6.....	10	.....
	Oct. 20.....	1	.....
Waveland.....	Oct. 10-Oct. 13.....	16	1	
	Oct. 14.....	2	.....
	Oct. 16.....	0	.....
	Oct. 17.....	1	.....
	Oct. 18.....	1	.....
Woodville.....	To Oct. 6.....	1	.....
Yazoo City.....	Oct. 16.....	6	.....
	Oct. 17.....	5	.....
	Oct. 18.....	4	.....
	Oct. 19.....	2	1	
	Oct. 20.....	3	1	

[Reports to the Supervising Surgeon-General, United States Marine-Hospital Service.]

Quarantine raised between New Orleans and State of Mississippi.

[Proclamation.]

NEW ORLEANS, LA., *October 12, 1898.*

Whereas, The prevailing fever is noticeable for its mildness, and considering the lateness of the season, be it ordained that—

(1) All quarantines are raised between all points in the State of Mississippi and the city of New Orleans on the part of the State of Louisiana.

(2) Quarantine is raised from the parish of St. Mary (except Franklin), viz: Berwick, Patterson, Clumet, Bayou Sale, Baldwin, and Adeline stations.

EDMOND SOUCHON, M. D.,

President Louisiana State Board of Health.

Investigation of supposed case of yellow fever at Varner, La.

Report having been received at the Bureau of a suspicious case of fever at Varner, Dr. William Krauss was engaged to investigate and report on the case. His report is given below:

MEMPHIS, TENN., *October 11, 1898.*

SIR: I have the honor to report my investigation of a case of suspected yellow fever at Varner. The patient, J. W. Stitt, section hand, has never been out of the county, and there is no reasonable way for infection to have been carried there. Varner is on a branch of the Iron Mountain Railroad, which terminates at Alexandria, La., and is a town of about 50 inhabitants, situated in a swampy region.

Patient had been in bed at the depot hotel since Friday, September 30, and, although half the population have been exposed to him from the beginning, there is no other sickness in the place.

The clinical history being somewhat interesting, although hazy, I will give it somewhat in detail.

Patient, aged 25 years, robust frame, has been suffering from malarial attacks all summer; had dysentery about a month ago. He had been drinking for several days, and would vomit bilious matter on the street. Captain Rice, the mayor, advised a physician. Patient had a chill on evening of September 30, followed by no perceptible fever, was vomiting excessively, went to stool frequently as result of calomel taken, hence saved no urine for inspection. Jaundice gradually developed, which was of a pale rather than a bronze hue. If the urine had

been inspected and found bloody this would have given the classical triple symptom of malarial hematuria. Dr. Worley saw him about this time (third day) and found urine suppressed, nausea, and excessive vomiting, subnormal temperature, and a weak pulse of 60. Nausea and abstention from alcohol would account for this. Dr. Price, a recent graduate, saw patient daily after this; vomiting continued, urine very scanty, highly albuminous, straw colored, no fever; symptoms of uremia, jaundice gradually disappearing.

I found him in about that condition. Temperature 99°, pulse 78 full and hard, slight symptoms of uremia, no headache or backache, spleen slightly and liver greatly enlarged, a large blister over abdomen preventing the eliciting of visceral tenderness on pressure. The tongue was broad and heavily coated, breath fetid, much salivation, upper lip swollen, still nauseated. Cutaneous hyperemia, active, not venous. Examination of blood showed estivo-autumnal plasmodia-small, hyaline, unpigmented, often three in a corpuscle. The corpuscles were diminished in number and very pale (made no estimation), some nucleated, as I have found numbers of times in convalescents from malarial hematuria. Urine was pale, scanty, highly albuminous, but casts were granular, *not epithelial*.

The local officers of the Iron Mountain furnished transportation from Pine Bluff to Varner and back to Little Rock. If there had been time between trains I could have arranged for transportation all the way. I reported to Dr. Dunnavant, of Arkansas board of health, and returned to Memphis with much loss of time both ways, as railroads only run one train and that out of schedule.

Very respectfully,

WM. KRAUSS.

Smallpox in Wausau, Wis.

MILWAUKEE, WIS., October 12, 1898.

SIR: In compliance with the agreement embodied in resolutions adopted by the conference of State and provincial boards of health respecting interstate notification of the occurrence of communicable diseases, you are hereby informed that 1 case of smallpox (variola) has been reported to this office as existing in Wausau, Marathon County, in this State. The patient (male) came from the lumber camps in Oneida County, this State. Strict quarantine is maintained. Danger from spreading slight.

Very truly, yours,

U. O. B. WINGATE, *Secretary*.

Smallpox in Huntersville (Norfolk), Va.

NORFOLK, VA, October 18, 1898.

SIR: I have the honor to inform you that 4 cases of smallpox were discovered in Huntersville, a suburb of this city, on Sunday night, and were sent to the county pesthouse. The other occupants of the house, save 2 who escaped, are being quarantined.

There has been no further case of variola in this city since my last report, and the patients, 11 in all, are in the city pesthouse and doing well.

A general vaccination was ordered and is progressing rapidly.

Respectfully, yours,

EDWD. E. FEILD,
Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.